

CORRIGENDA

I. Nonlinear Faraday resonance

By JOHN W. MILES

Journal of Fluid Mechanics, vol. 146 (1984), pp. 285–302

II. Parametrically excited solitary waves

By JOHN W. MILES

Journal of Fluid Mechanics, vol. 148 (1984), pp. 451–460

The approximation to capillary energy adopted in Appendix D of I and Appendix B of II is inconsistent with the antecedent formulations in those papers, and (D 2) in I should be replaced by

$$V = \rho \mathcal{T} \iint \{ [1 + (\nabla \eta)^2]^{\frac{1}{2}} - 1 \} dS \quad (1a)$$

$$= \rho \mathcal{T} \iint \left[\frac{1}{2} (\nabla \eta)^2 - \frac{1}{8} (\nabla \eta)^4 + O(\epsilon^3) \right] dS, \quad (1b)$$

where $\rho \mathcal{T}$ is the surface tension and $(\nabla \eta)^2 = O(\epsilon)$ (only the quadratic term is retained in (D 2)). The corresponding results for the mean (averaged over ωt) potential energy and the finite-amplitude-correction (to the natural frequency) parameter A are

$$\langle V \rangle = (D 4) - \frac{1}{16} \rho S \mathcal{T} l_*^4 E (p^2 + q^2)^2 \quad (2)$$

and

$$A = (D 7) + E k_1^{-2} l_*^2 \tanh^2 k_1 d, \quad (3)$$

where (D 4) and (D 7) signify the right-hand sides of the corresponding equations in I, and

$$E = \frac{3}{4} S^{-1} \iint_S (\nabla \psi_1 \cdot \nabla \psi_1)^2 dS. \quad (4)$$

The corresponding modifications of (B 2) and (B 4) in II are

$$\frac{\langle V \rangle}{\rho} = (B 2) - \frac{3}{128} T_1 k^4 a^4 (p^2 + q^2)^2 \quad (5)$$

and

$$A = (B 4) + \frac{3}{8} \sigma \tanh^2 kd, \quad (6)$$

wherein $\langle V \rangle$ now signifies an average over both y and ωt , $T_1 \equiv \mathcal{T}$ and $\sigma \equiv k^2 l_*^2$. The values of A given by figure 1 in II therefore must be increased by $\frac{3}{8} \sigma \tanh^4 kd$, and $A < 0$, and solitary waves are impossible, in $0.153 < \sigma < 0.250$ (previously $0.14 < \sigma < 0.25$).

The change in A leads to a predicted amplitude of $a = 1.8$ cm (previously 2.3 cm) for the experimental data cited in the final paragraph of II §5; the observed value is 1.7 cm.